

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: TOP GUM

Product code: NOIR/BLACK - 1105. UFI: TK00-S0RN-V00K-S2UW

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Hardener

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: JACRET S.A..

Address: 2, chemin des glirettes.95500.LE THILLAY.FRANCE.

Telephone: 01 34 38 80 40. Fax: 01 34 38 80 44.

service.clients@jacret.com http://www.aderis.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Organic peroxide, Type E (Org. Perox. E, H242).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS09

GHS02

GHS07

Signal Word: WARNING Product identifiers:

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE EC 202-327-6

Hazard statements:

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/ ...

Precautionary statements - Response:

P302 + P352IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411 + P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding °C/°F. Keep cool.

P420 Store separately.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances= 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 617_008_00_0	GHS07, GHS09, GHS01, GHS02	[i]	$10 \le x \% < 25$
CAS: 94-36-0	Dgr		
EC: 202-327-6	241		
REACH: 01-2119511472-50	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 10		
INDEX: JACRET016	GHS09		$10 \le x \% < 25$
CAS: 27138-31-4	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
EC: 248-258-5			
DIBENZOATE DE DIPROPYLÈNEGLYCOL			
INDEX: JACRET030		[i]	$10 \le x \% < 25$
CAS: 471-34-1			
EC: 207-439-9			
REACH: 01-2119486795-18			
CARBONATE DE CALCIUM			

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
INDEX: JACRET016		oral: ATE = 5313 mg/kg BW
CAS: 27138-31-4		
EC: 248-258-5		
DIBENZOATE DE DIPROPYLÈNEGLYCOL		

Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

In the event of a fire nearby a peroxide storage area, evacuate the warehouse and move the peroxide containers to a safe place.

If this is not possible, the warehouse needs to be sprayed to prevent stock from heating and fire from spreading.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- water
- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

In the event of a fire, use water except when fighting a fire caused by sodium peroxide where anhydrous sodium carbonate or dry sand should be used.

Carbon dioxide or dry powder extinguishers can be used if the fire is in its initial phase.

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, all personnel handling the fire must wear protective clothing and independent breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

Use an inert, non-combustible substance that will absorb the peroxide: vermiculite, perlite, etc.

Spread the product with water or suitable solvent (ethyl acetate) then absorb the product.

To collect the product, use instruments made of polyethylene or polypropylene, so as not to create a spark.

Do not use combustible cloths or materials.

The residue will be stored in non-combustible containers that are not hermetically sealed.

Clean the contaminated area with water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Handle at a temperature 10°C below the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT).

 $Do \ not \ perform \ transfer \ operations \ under \ pressure; \ this \ could \ cause \ the \ peroxide \ to \ heat.$

Do not use an external heat source to bring the product to room temperature, to prevent the formation of a hot spot.

The equipment used for handling the product must be made of compatible material, instruments used must therefore be made of stainless steel, non-pigmented polyethylene or polypropylene.

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area

Store away from light and heat, since these factors favour peroxidation.

Store in inert atmosphere (e.g. under nitrogen).

Store in clean, unoxidised containers.

Ensure that the container is fully sealed to avoid evaporation of the solvent or product stored, which would cause a concentration of peroxides in the recipient.

The storage area must be indicated by signs bearing the 'Oxidising' symbol and have signs prohibiting smoking.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

Only store in original packaging.

If decanting, ensure that the material on the new packaging is compatible with the properties of peroxide.

Make sure there is a ventilation hole in packaging containers, to prevent overpressure. A temperature indicator is also useful.

Suitable packaging materials:

- Aluminium
- Polyethylene

Unsuitable packaging materials:

- Galvanised metals
- Steel
- Copper
- Lead
- Zinc

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- UK:

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
94-36-0	5 mg/m3				
471-34-1	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	TI

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard ISO 16321.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state: Paste.

Colour

Unspecified

Odour

Odour threshold: Not stated.

Melting point

Melting point/melting range: Not relevant.

Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range : Not stated.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not relevant.

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) Not stated.

Flash point

Flash point interval: Not relevant.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not relevant. Self-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not relevant.

pH (aqueous solution): Not stated. pH: Not relevant.

Kinematic viscosity

100 00 - 200 000 Viscosity:

Solubility

Water solubility: Insoluble. Not stated. Fat solubility:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not stated.

Vapour pressure

Not relevant. Vapour pressure (50°C):

Density and/or relative density

1,42 - 1,45 Density:

Relative vapour density

Vapour density: Not stated.

Particle characteristics

The mixture does not contain nanoforms.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

Mixture which neither detonates nor deflagrates and has no reaction, or only a minor reaction, when heated under confinement.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heating
- heat

May decompose under the effect of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- combustible material

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1. Substances

a) Acute toxicity:

CARBONATE DE CALCIUM (CAS: 471-34-1)

Oral route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 3 mg/l

Species: Rat

DIBENZOATE DE DIPROPYLÈNEGLYCOL (CAS: 27138-31-4)

Oral route: LD50 = 5313 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat (recommended by the CLP)

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat (recommended by the CLP)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 200 mg/l

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Oral route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rat

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

No data available.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

No data available.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

No data available.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

CARBONATE DE CALCIUM (CAS: 471-34-1)

No mutagenic effect.

f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant:

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.1.2. Mixture

11.1.2.1 Information on hazard classes

a) Acute toxicity:

Oral route : No data available.

No data available.

Dermal route :

No data available.

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist):

b) Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

c) Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

No data available.

f) Carcinogenicity:

No data available.

g) Reproductive toxicant:

No data available.

h) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

No data available.

i) Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

No data available.

j) Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.1.2.2 Other information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 94-36-0: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 0.0602 mg/l

Factor M = 10

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 0.110 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.0711 mg/l

Factor M = 10

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).

14.1. UN number or ID number

3108

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3108=ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID

(dibenzoyl peroxide)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



5.2

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material:



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	5.2	P1	-	5.2	-	500 g	122 274	E0	2	D

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation
	5.2	-	-	500 g	F-J. S-R	122 274	ЕО	0	SG35 SG36 SG72

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	5.2	-	-	570	10 kg	570	25 kg	A20 A802	E0
	5.2	-	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	-	-	A20 A802	E0

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(dibenzoyl peroxide)

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2023/707.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2024/2564. (ATP 22)

Container information:

No data available.

Particular provisions:

No data available.

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

Authorisations agreed under Title VII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to authorisation according to Annex XIV of REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: https://echa.europa.eu/fr/authorisation-list.

Substances that deplete the ozone layer (EC Regulation No. 1005/2009, Montreal Protocol):

The mixture does not contain any substance posing a risk to the ozone layer.

Persistent organic pollutants (POP) (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

The mixture does not contain a persistent organic pollutant.

PIC Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (Rotterdam Convention):

The mixture is not subject to the Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure.

Explosives precursors:

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H241	Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response. ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW: Body Weight

UFI: Unique formulation identifier.

STEL: Short-term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV. Ayanaga Eymaguna Valua

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

PIC: Prior Informed Consent.
POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).